

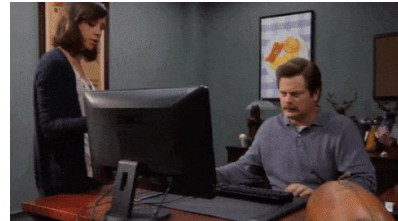


## Navigating Safety:

The Use and Misuse of Technology and Intimate Partner Violence

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### Your Use of Tech?

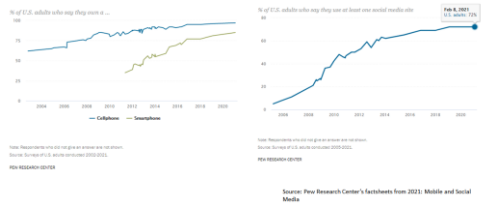


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## The Use and Misuse of Technology

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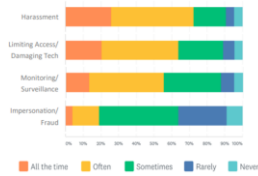
### Tech Use in the United States



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### Prevalence of Misuse

What kinds of tech misuse are survivors experiencing (not just during the pandemic?)

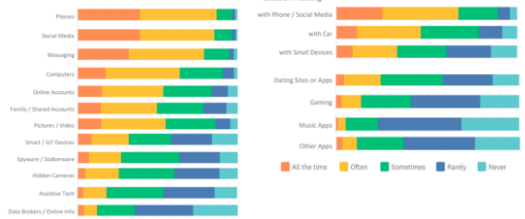


Source: Tech Abuse in the Workplace & Beyond: Reflections from the Field, National Network to End Domestic Violence (2021).

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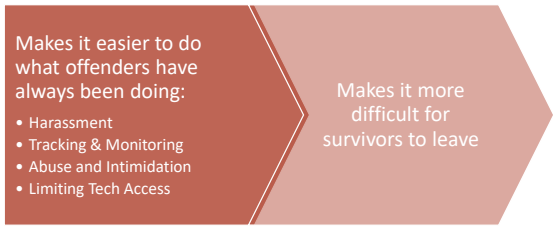
### Prevalence Continued

How often are these kinds of technology misused against survivors you work with (not just during the pandemic?)



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### How Technology is Used: The Bad News



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### How Technology is Used: The Good News



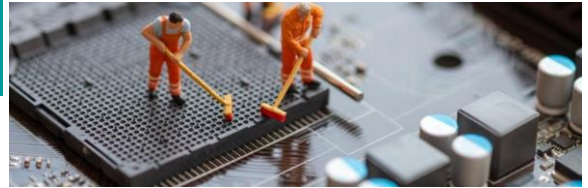
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**Keep in Mind...**

Technology is generally a *neutral* tool used by perpetrators to abuse, stalk, harass etc.

Survivors have the right to technology and tech access and while used as described above it is also a powerful connector and safety tool as well.

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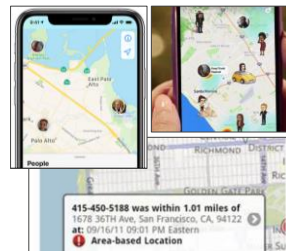
**Digital Hygiene:**

What Does it Mean to You??

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**Tech Use**

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**GPS Technology and Cell Phone Locator Services**

- Phones are equipped with GPS for use of e911.
- Often used for mapping/ driving & social connections
- Other forms of GPS include monitors for cars/parents.

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### Other Locators

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### Geotagging



- Added geographical location or labels to photos, videos, websites, SMS messages, etc.
- Often, social media removes the location from the public when you post to their site, but not always.
- Texting and email will show your location.

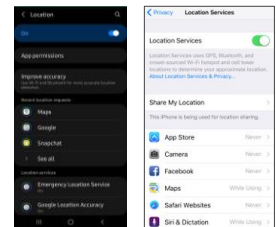
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### Safety Tips: GPS

- Avoid family plans, if possible.
- Be careful with location-based social media apps.
- Check location settings for ALL of the apps installed on your phone.
- Log incidents to show a pattern of behavior.
- Ask questions to establish a timeline; When did the survivor notice that their abuser seemed to be everywhere?
- Check your belongings and look through recent gifts given to the adult or child.

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### Safety Hands On: Disabling Your Location



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Safety Option: **HB 1372**

Provides an avenue for victims to separate their phone number and that of their children from a wireless telephone account as a component of their protective order.

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Cell Phones and Tablets: Applications

Apps -

- o Are everywhere; billions are downloaded every month
- o Often ask for personal information like contacts
- o Can be helpful; SAT prep etc.
- o May have additional uses



Safety Tip: Review the permissions enabled for each App.

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Stalkerware

- Apps that masquerade as something else, like a weather app, but have features used to stalk, spoof, or collect information etc.
- Some security apps can help identify stalkerware apps.
- Article: [Google Removed 813 Creepware Apps from the Android Play Store](#)

Safety Tips

- Review apps regularly and delete unknown apps.
- Keep your iCloud password up to date.

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Safety Tips: **The Internet of Things**



The interconnection of everyday objects via the internet or Bluetooth.

Understand your device:

- Features, remote access, other security features
- What information does it store?
- Does it connect to Wi-Fi or Bluetooth? Can others connect?

Safety Tips:

- Turn off when not in use
- Change passwords and username
- Change authentication questions
- Keep a log of possible misuse

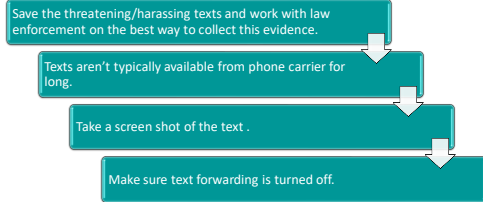
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### Safety Tips: Wi-Fi

- Has the abuser been connected to the home Wi-Fi or know the account information?
- Log in to your Wi-Fi account or a third-party app to help identify who is connected to your Wi-Fi.
- Be cautious connecting to public Wi-Fi.
- Review your phone and computer and remove Wi-Fi connection history.

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### Cell Phone Safety Tip: Texts



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### Safety Hands On: Take a Screenshot



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### Cell Phone Safety Tips: Preserving Information

Four basic options for securing a phone's information:



1. Powering On / Off: data protection if off but may have to deal with lock codes.
2. Pulling the battery: data protection but may have to deal with lock codes and possible timestamp resets, which can result in challenges from defense. This can be the worse option.
3. Isolate the phone: data protected, but battery could die and then may deal with lock codes.
4. Airplane mode: isolation to protect data, but without concern for data compromise or battery depletion. **This is the recommended strategy.**

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## Social Media

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## Social Media: The Good News

Creating an online community for friends & family members or meeting new friends (e.g. Snapchat, Facebook)

Can bring people together in various ways:

- Message boards/pursuits of specific interests
- Online trading and commerce
- Community activism



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## Common Social Media: Know the Basic Risks

 <p><b>Snapchat</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Images are easily/covertly saved.</li> <li>• Location tracking.</li> <li>• Some stories may be visible to strangers.</li> </ul>	 <p><b>Instagram</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Easy to spy on someone.</li> <li>• DM's used to intimidate.</li> <li>• Risks with sharing personal videos/photos.</li> </ul>	 <p><b>Twitter</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sub-tweeting a form of cyberbullying.</li> <li>• Misinformation may be everywhere.</li> <li>• Difficult to remove content.</li> </ul>	 <p><b>TikTok</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Can receive messages from anywhere.</li> <li>• Easy to encounter adult content.</li> <li>• Risks with sharing personal videos.</li> <li>• High risk of cyberbullying</li> </ul>
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### Offenders & Social Networking

- Friending family, friends, significant others
- Impersonation
- Sending Messages/ Threats
- Inquiring/Gathering Information
- Using children's sites to gather info

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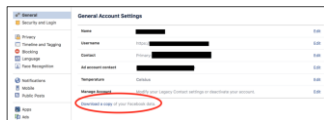
### Safety Tips: Social Networking



- Know your privacy settings and use them; check them often as they can change
- Be aware that not everyone will use the same settings
- Tell your friends and family not to post pictures or information on you
- Use caution when adding friends/followers
- Discuss your boundaries with young people
- Caution with shared accounts and other remote access
- Disable "check in" features/other geolocation

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### Social Networking Safety Tip: Download Your Data



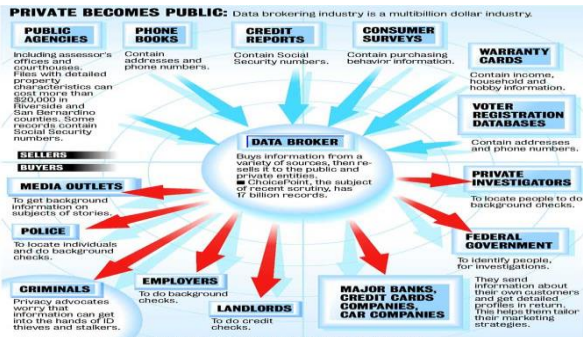
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### The Internet

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Safety Tips: Digital Hygiene and the Internet

Internet Browsers

- Use a private browser.
- Add "s" before the website name.
- Delete cookies and internet history frequently.

Data/Reputation Management

- Remove personally identifying information from the internet
- Opt-out options-
  - Reputation management companies
  - Data broker websites
  - [Safe Shepherd](#)
  - [World Privacy Forum Top Ten Opt-Outs](#)

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Safety Planning Tools for Survivors

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Safety Planning: The Internet and Email

- Use a computer the abuser never had direct access to; like at a public library or college.
- Have anti-virus software and use it to scan your computer.
- Talk to friends/family about your privacy.
- Have more than one e-mail account, including one that is not identifiable.
- Be cautious of using the internet to purchase items or to join websites that require identifying information.
- Know the privacy policies of websites.
- If your abuser has access to the same computer be aware of deleting internet history; there are pros and cons.
- Do not open suspicious e-mails/attachments.

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## Fundamental Digital Hygiene

A username and password alone are no longer secure

- Use fake answers on your security questions.
- Don't answer surveys that give away your security question answers.
- Use hard to crack passwords.
- Use different usernames and passwords.
- Use a password manager.
- Implement two-factor authentication.
- Use an authentication app.
- Updates apps and your cell phone system often- these patches are pushed out to deal with security risks!

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## Supportive Documentation



- Keep a log
- Save, save, save BUT only what you need to...
- Abuser's use of tech?
- Pictures

*SAFETY FIRST*

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## Safety Planning for Working Relationships

Safety plan with the survivor immediately.

Do not remove their technology.

Assess both the use of technology by the survivor as well as the offender.

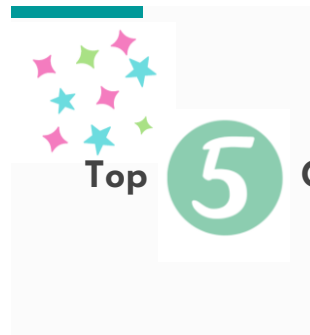
Develop a relationship with your local law enforcement and know their preferred method of evidence collection.

Work with your local family violence program on safety planning.

Don't contribute to the problem by allowing private data to be shared or compromised.



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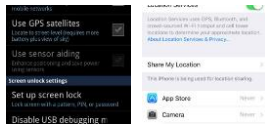
### Privacy Settings



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Check your GPS

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# Trust Survivor's Instincts



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## Resources and Thanks!

### Safety Net Resources

- Thanks to the NNEDV Safety Net Project for Resources and Content: [www.nnedv.org/safeynet](http://www.nnedv.org/safeynet)
- Documentation Tips and Log: <https://www.techsafety.org/documentationtips>
- How to take a screenshot on any device: <https://www.pcmag.com/news/how-to-take-a-screenshot-on-any-device>
- Legal Systems Toolkit: <https://www.techsafety.org/legal-toolkit>

### More Tools

- <https://www.ceta.tech.cornell.edu>
- [www.staysafeonline.org](http://www.staysafeonline.org)
- [www.haveibeenpwned.com](http://www.haveibeenpwned.com)
- [www.thesmarttalk.org](http://www.thesmarttalk.org)
- [www.10minutemall.net](http://www.10minutemall.net)
- <https://www.worldprivacyforum.org/2015/08/consumer-tips-top-ten-opt-outs/>
- Geotagging: <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N2vARzWw7>
- <https://www.techsafety.org/needs-assessment-2021>

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## Contact Us!

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